E-BIKE REGULATION EVALUATION BOARD OF DIRECTORS MEETING MARCH 12, 2021





PURPOSE

- Provide the board with an overview of the e-bike regulation evaluation
- Discuss the spectrum of e-bike regulation available
- Staff proposed rule change recommendation at the March 26 board meeting



GOALS

Develop a rule change recommendation through a transparent process that includes regular member outreach. Any recommendation will be expected to be widely accepted, sensible and sustainable rule change built on an informed foundation.

- Widely Accepted = Wide acceptance by all major user groups (i.e. hikers, bikers, equestrian)
- **Sensible** = A rule change and policies that effectively address the issues
- **Sustainable** = Includes both sustainable environmentally and as a long-term rule/policy
- **Informed** = Based on facts and expert advice



E-BIKE REGULATION EVALUATION METHODOLOGY

INFORMING THROUGH RESEARCH AND EXPERIENCE

- Federal, State, local laws and TDA regulations
- Facts and myths about e-bikes and mountain bike e-bikes (eMTB)
- Land management benchmark
- Compliance review
- Literature review and other research

INFORMING THROUGH PERSPECTIVES

- Member outreach
- Land managers' assessments



REGULATION LANDSCAPE

FEDERAL + STATE + LOCAL LAWS

FEDERAL

• E-bikes are classified as motorized vehicles and are only allowed on motorized trails, including Bureau of Land Management (BLM) and National Forest (USFS) lands. Each of these organizations/land managers is going through a similar process as TD by attempting to clarify language and e-bike categorization.

CALIFORNIA

• Motor Vehicle Code: AB 1096 amended MVC and defines "motorized bicycle" as a moped and established new vehicle class for "electric bicycles", classes 1-3. Many other states mirror this legislation template.

LOCAL

 Local governments have the authority to authorize the use of e-bikes on bike or pedestrian paths.

TDA POLICIES AND RULES

TRAILS MASTER PLAN (2013)

• Establishes policies for a multi-use trail system

COVENANTS RULES

Section II Common Area, Other Association Owned Property, and Amenities, subsection

Off-Road Vehicles. Snowmobiles, motor-powered bikes*, all-terrain vehicles (ATV's), off-road motorcycles and off-road use of any motorized vehicle is prohibited on Common Areas, and other Association-owned properties, except that the Association may use such vehicles in the furtherance of its operations.

*Per CA MVC motor-powered bike is considered a moped

WHAT IS AN E-BIKE?



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DIFFERENCES BETWEEN A BIKE VS E-BIKE

BIKE	ELECTRIC BIKE (E-BIKE)	ELECTRIC MOUNTAIN BIKE (eMTB)
 Bikes are used for mobility and recreation. Bikes are exclusively human-powered, include a wide variety of designs and offer an endless amount of uses. 	 E-bikes are used for mobility and recreation. E-bikes are used similarly to bikes but can help resolve barriers to biking related to commuting, carrying kids or cargo, physical limitations and/or terrain. E-bikes are either powered by a motor that assists when pedaling or activated by a throttle. They are designed like bicycles. 	 eMTBs are often used for recreational purposes, especially on trails. Riding an eMTB is similar to riding a traditional mountain bike, with the assistance of a small motor. eMTBs are either powered by a motor that assists when pedaling or activated by a throttle. In general, eMTBs are pedal-assist only.
 Bikes are defined as human-powered vehicles that don't generally require licensing, registration or insurance to operate. State and local regulations determine where bikes are allowed to travel on streets and paths. There may be additional state or local laws around speed limits, age restrictions, the use of helmets and other equipment and operating requirements. 	 The first sale and manufacturing of e-bikes is federally regulated by the Consumer Product Safety Commission. E-bikes are defined in a state or local traffic code for operation. States and cities determine which class, if any, of e-bikes are allowed on streets, bike lanes, bike paths and sidewalks. States and cities may set additional requirements such as speed limits, age restrictions and the use of helmets. 	 eMTBs access is primarily governed by a state or local natural resource department. eMTBs are generally allowed on motorized trails and roads. Agencies determine which class, if any, of eMTBs are allowed on non-motorized, natural surface trails. Agencies may determine additional requirements such as speed limits, etiquette guidelines and access provisions.
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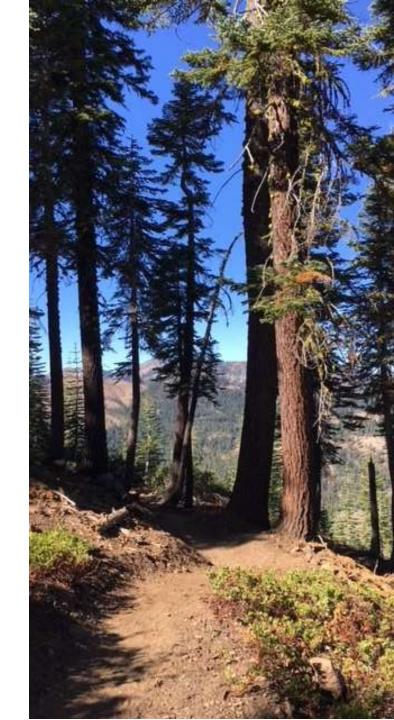
E-BIKE FACTS

- Motorized Vehicle, Motorized Bicycle or Electric Bicycle?
 - Consumer Product Safety Commission
 - Pedal assist e-bikes with maximum assisted speed of 20 mph are not a motorized vehicle."
 - CA Motor Vehicle Code definition of a motorized bicycle is a moped. E-bikes are a distinct class of vehicles.
- Safety
 - Speed
 - Downhill: No faster than the rider's ability.
 - Flat and Uphill: electric motor assists pedaling only up to its max. speed. Speed of e-bike still relies greatly on rider's ability. Some studies suggest conventional bikes can be faster.
 - Fire risk
 - The fire risk by e-bike batteries is negligible, similar to the 1,000s of cell phones currently on the trails.



E-BIKE MYTHS

- Trail Character
 - Trail Congestion: E-bikes will increase bike use on trails
 - Initial studies are showing e-bikes are a replacement for traditional bikes.
 - Trail usage is increasing across all user types
 - Biking, including e-bikes, is increasing as technology and price points eliminate barriers.
 - Disturbance
 - Noise: E-bikes effectively silent.
- Environmental and Physical Concerns
 - Trail damage: Negligible difference between traditional MTB and eMTB.



LAND MANAGEMENT BENCHMARK

OUR NEIGHBORS

- USFS Truckee District
 - E-bikes allowed on motorized trails and roads
 - Pending Action: to allow e-bikes on 35 miles of single-track trail
 - Emigrant, Big Chief/Sawtooth, DonkeyTown area
- USFS Lake Tahoe Basin
 - Currently evaluating and developing a plan to improve e-bike access to single-track trails
- Truckee Donner Land Trust
 - Defer to policy established by USFS, adjacent neighbor and/or partner
- Town of Truckee
 - The Town does not manage any soft surface trails
- An extended benchmark is included in documents for reference



COMPLIANCE REVIEW

- All land managers, both large and small, public and private, with sworn public safety rangers or without, all rely heavily on education and the honor system to achieve voluntary compliance
- Education and Communication
 - Website
 - Map
 - Apps
 - Kiosks
 - Wayfinding Signage
 - Stewardship/ambassador programs



LITERATURE REVIEW + OTHER RESEARCH

Illustrative list of review and research performed

- E-bike Reports
 - IMBA Comparison of Environmental Impacts Report (2015)
 - USFS Truckee District East Zone Connectivity and Restoration Project Preliminary Environmental Assessment (2020)
 - Jefferson County, CO Measuring Impacts and Acceptance of E-bikes (2018)
 - Ebike Safety: A Review of Empirical European and North American Studies (2019)
- E-bike Perception and User Studies
 - Boulder County, CO E-bike Pilot Study (2019)
 - Jefferson County, CO E-bike Pilot Study (2018)
 - E-bikes on Public Lands, A Survey of E-bike Users in Colorado (2020)
 - Perceptions of Conflict Surrounding E-Bike Use on the Arizona Trails (2020)
 - Pedal Assist Mountain Bikes: A Pilot Study Comparison (2019)
- Agency E-bike Regulation Assessments
 - USFS Truckee District East Zone Trails and Roads Projects Assessment: *under consideration*
 - East Bay Regional Park District, CA: *e-bikes allowed on designated trails*
 - Marin Water District, CA: under consideration
 - Jefferson County, CO: *e-bikes allowed on designated trails*
 - Boulder County, CO: *e-bikes allow on designated trails*
 - Summit County, UT: *special e-bike permit for 65+ and medical reasons*
 - Draper City, UT: e-bikes allowed on designated



SELECT HIGHLIGHTS

- The bike industry is growing exponentially with the e-bike market leading
 - Q1-3 of 2020 bike sales +44%; e-bike sales were +140% in 2020
- Knowledge and understanding is catching up with rapidly progressing technology as more people have exposure to e-bikes
- Exposure to e-bikes increases general acceptance attitudes
- Landowners are evaluating various approaches to e-bike regulation
- eMTBs are a new user type with trail design and construction needs similar to mountain bikes



SELECT HIGHLIGHTS CONTINUED

- TD Member Outreach
 - Forums and Feedback Forums
 - Illustrates diversity, understanding, and perspective on the issue
 - Strong opinions
 - E-bike Survey:
 - More member are using the trails and on a more frequent basis
 - Large contingency of respondents (59%) have not ridden an e-bike
 - E-bike use enables parties of differing abilities to access trails together
 - E-bike use enables access for mobility challenged to enjoy trails
 - Hiker experience has deteriorated
 - E-bikers are older, current eMTB ownership peaks among 50-59 year olds. Those intending to purchase tend to be 50+
 - Large support for permitting e-bikes on double-track
 - Single-track e-bike acceptance strongly diverges between hikers and bikers



SPECTRUM OF OPTIONS

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NO ACCESS	ADAPTIVE MANAGEMENT	FULL ACCESS
AMPLIFY EXISTING RESTRICTIVE RULE	PARTIAL/LIMITED/RESTRICTED E-BIKE USE ALLOWED	SINGLE TRACK + FIRE ROADS OPEN

GOALS

Develop a rule change recommendation through a transparent process that includes regular member outreach. Any recommendation will be expected to be widely accepted, sensible and sustainable rule change built on an informed foundation.

- Widely Accepted = Wide acceptance by all major user groups (i.e. hikers, bikers, equestrian)
- **Sensible** = A rule change and policies that effectively address the issues
- **Sustainable** = Includes both sustainable environmentally and as a long-term rule/policy
- **Informed** = Based on facts and expert advice



AMPLIFY EXISTING RULE

- Widely Accepted = Wide acceptance by all major user groups (i.e. hikers, bikers, equestrian)
 - Not widely accepted by all
- **Sensible** = A rule change and policies that effectively address the issues
 - Avoids the management issue rather than addressing
- **Sustainable** = Includes both sustainable environmentally and as a long-term rule/policy
 - Sustainable environmentally in that it might reduce overall trail
 use
 - Not a sustainable management given current usage and expected trends
- Informed = Based on facts and expert advice
 - **Most** land managers are attempting to find balance and allow access in some way



NO ACCESS

AMPLIFY EXISTING RESTRICTIVE RULE

FULL ACCESS

- Widely Accepted = Wide acceptance by all major user groups (i.e. hikers, bikers, equestrian)
 - Not widely accepted by all
- **Sensible** = A rule change and policies that effectively address the issues
 - May present unforeseen management challenges if e-bike usage patterns increase
- **Sustainable** = Includes both sustainable environmentally and as a long-term rule/policy
 - May present unforeseen environmental impacts and could lead to increased user conflicts
- Informed = Based on facts and expert advice
 - Some trail systems permit e-bikes wherever conventional bikes are allowed



FULL ACCESS

SINGLE TRACK + FIRE ROADS OPEN

ADAPTIVE MANAGEMENT

- Widely Accepted = Wide acceptance by all major user groups (i.e. hikers, bikers, equestrian)
 - Flexible enough to allow fine tuning and adaptation in order to achieve wider acceptance over time through structured decision making
- **Sensible** = A rule change and policies that effectively address the issues
 - Gives management the flexible tools it needs to learn from experience and improve trail management for all user groups over time
 - Addresses member desire to find some solution to expand access
- Sustainable = Includes both sustainable environmentally and as a long-term rule/policy
 - Gives management the flexible tools to evaluate environmental impacts and respond
 - Sustainable as a policy because it is adaptable to changing conditions and needs
- **Informed** = Based on facts and expert advice
 - Adaptive management is considered best practice for land management, and is anticipated to be used in Tahoe Donner for all user groups and trail types in the future
 - Consistent with other amenity and facilities management authority



ADAPTIVE MANAGEMENT

PARTIAL/LIMITED/RESTRICTED E-BIKE USE ALLOWED

MOVING FORWARD

MANAGEMENT LEVEL

- Education and communication campaign
 - Trail branding and culture development
 - Trail etiquette
 - Signage Approved 2021
 Replacement Reserves Budget
- Continued efforts to disperse trail users across the trail system

POLICY/RULE LEVEL

- March 26 Board Meeting: Recommendation for e-bike rule change for adaptive management approach
- 2021 Work Plan Goal Open Space and Trails Master Plan

